Second Member of Council.—

It does not arise out of the question.

Mr. B. P. Basappa Setty.—

Will the information be furnished at the next session?

Financial Secretary.—

Not possible.

MESSRS. PATEL BASAPPA, A. S. MURIGAPPA (Shimoga Taluk), KATTE DAKAPPA, B. GOPALACHAR and TUDKI RAMANNA GOWDA (Thirthahalli Taluk), N. BHASKHARA RAO (Sorab Taluk) and B. VENKATAGIRIAPPA (Sagar Taluk).—

Q.—16. Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(*a*) The amount of the irrigation cess annually collected in the Shimoga District (Talukwar)?

(*b*) The irrigation works carried out in each of the past five years out of the cess realisations?

(*c*) The amount that remained unspent in each of the past five years?

(*d*) Will the Government be pleased to spend the accumulated surpluses on the execution of important bridge works in the District?

(*e*) If so, will they direct the construction of a bridge across the Thunga river near Thirthahalli, this being a very urgent work to be taken up at an early date?

SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT, GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.—

A.—16. (*a*)

	Rs.	a.	p.
Shimoga	7,108	7	5
Honnali	923	5	5
Chennagiri	2,817	14	3
Shikarpur	9,274	11	4
Sorab	13,465	3	3
Sagar	11,038	9	7
Nagar	7,869	5	8
Thirthahalli	13,054	0	4
Kumsi	2,518	9	8
Total ..	68,070	2	11

	Motion.	*Time and date.*
2.	That the President be pleased to adjourn the business of the House to discuss the inaccurate and irregular way in which voters' lists relating to the election of the members to the District Board of Mysore had been prepared. (Movers—MESSRS. M. C. LINGEGOWDA, S. C. MALLAIYA and M. S. LINGEGOWDA).	4 p.m. on 16-10-1929

REPRESENTATIONS.

No. 15.—Grant of lands at concession rates to Rajputs.

As the Rajputs were being employed in the Military Department, ever since their coming to these parts from Northern India, and as no sufficient encouragement is being shown to them of late, it is prayed that lands may be given to them at concession rates so that they may earn their livelihood by agriculture.

Mr. P. H. Chandrabhan Singh, Minority Interest, Mysore City.

This subject was not discussed as the mover was absent.

No. 16.—Suggestions in the matter of the disposal of *takrar* cases.

Mr Rama Das, Hiriyur Taluk.

MR. RAMA DAS prayed that arrangements might be made to bring to the raiyats' notice all *takrars* in respect of the cultivation while the crop was still standing on the land, that a regular inspection and enquiry be made and the party heard before orders were passed; that the party be given time and facilities to appeal and that orders might be passed to the effect that no steps should be taken for recovering the amount till final orders were passed by the Revenue Commissioner.

He represented that the Jamabandhi Officer was generally carried away by the reports of subordinate officers and passed his orders without giving notice to the parties concerned. He said that it was a great hardship to the raiyats to have to pay fines on account of cases of which they had absolutely no previous information.

THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL explained that it had come to the notice of the revenue authorities that the raiyats generally either evaded the notice sent to them or they did not appear before the Jamabandhi officers even after they received such notice, that in the case of evasion, the only thing that could be done was to affix the notice on the house as that could be considered to be sufficient service.

MR. RAMA DAS said that in the civil courts if notice was not served personally, provision had been made to send it thrice before the case was brought up for trial and that a similar procedure should be introduced in *takrar* cases also.

MR. K. VENKATASWAMI GOWDA who spoke in defence of the existing procedure said that facts were misrepresented by the previous speaker and that the *takrar taktes* were not being written without the knowledge of the raiyats concerned.

MR. N. G. SANJEEVIAH said that false mahazars were often made on the notices saying that the raiyat, although he was in the place, was not in the station, and sometimes although he was out of the station that notice was served on him. To prevent all such contingency, he suggested that notices might be sent by registered post.

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER replied that, in most of the villages there would be no post offices and so the suggestion was not practicable. He explained that the rules on the subject required notice to be issued to the parties concerned before the cases were disposed of; that the land should be inspected by the Amildar and a summary or formal enquiry should be made by him. He said that if this procedure was not adopted in any case the parties were free to appeal to higher authorities and obtain orders for staying further proceedings. He also added that as a result of the discussion on the same subject at the last session, a departmental circular had been issued to all the Revenue officers enjoining on them the absolute necessity for serving the parties with notices in all *takrar* cases.

MR. K. NANJAPPA said that in most cases the fact of the *takrar taktes* would be known to the raiyat only when the notice of the fine came to him. This, he said, was very hard and amounted to stabbing a man behind his back.

In supporting the above speaker, MESSRS. S. C. MALLAIYA and BANDAIYA repeated that the system of giving notice to the parties was observed more in the breach than in the observance and emphasised that the instructions referred to by the Revenue Commissioner should be strictly enforced.

THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL observed that if the members thought that the issue of notices by registered post would improve matters, there would be no objection to adopting that course.

No. 17.—Removal of stones from private holdings.

Messrs. Mahadevappa and Channabasappa, Davangere Taluk.

MR. MAHADEVAPPA prayed that a general order be passed permitting the removal of stones from private holdings without paying any royalty to Government.

MR. N. G. SANJEEVIAH complained that when he attempted to remove the stones from his quarry for a well, royalty was demanded of him.

THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL said that the facts of the case might be brought to the notice of the Revenue Commissioner.

MR. ANEKAL SRINIVASIENGAR said that it should be made clear that if the stones were taken by the raiyats for their own purposes, they should be exempted from payment.

THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL explained that if the quarry was within the private land, the parties concerned might apply to the Revenue Commissioner for necessary permission under Rule 28 of the Land Revenue Code to use the stones for domestic and agricultural purposes. He added that the suggestion that Government should forego royalty on stones quarried for commercial purposes could not be accepted.

No. 18.—Loans to Adikarnatakas and Adidravidas for improving their lands.

Mr. Doddaiya, Minority Interest, Chitaldrug.

MR. DODDAIYA prayed that in addition to the free grant of land, Government should give the Depressed classes loans to the extent of Rs. 50 to Rs. 100 each to enable them to improve and cultivate the lands.

THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL explained that the object could be achieved by starting Co-operative Societies in such places and that when lands were given to them free of cost, it would not be possible for Government to give loans again on the security of the same lands.

MR. S. V. GURUMURTHIACHARYA said that if Government had any objection to give them loans, they should at least give them implements and a pair of bullocks each to enable them to start in life.

THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL replied that it was possible to do all that, only through a co-operative society.

MR. GURUMURTHIACHARYA continuing represented that the colonies of the Depressed classes were not thickly populated and that it was not easy to start co-operative societies, to which THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL replied that it would be enough if seven people joined together and formed a society even with a small capital of Rs. 10.

MR. GURUMURTHIACHARYA wanted to know the amount of loan that could be advanced to them if a society was started, since the object of the gift of land could not be achieved if Government refused to advance to them some money also.

THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL replied that the society would be given a loan to the extent of Rs. 100 or Rs 200 irrespective of the working capital.

MR. T. NANJAPPA represented that as the lands given to them were fertile, the loans advanced on the security of such lands would not be lost and pleaded that the poor people of that community should be helped.

THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL replied that if they formed a co-operative society and applied, the loan would be granted.

THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES explained that Government had already done all that was possible to help the Depressed classes by way of loans and house-building advances and that the benefits thereof could be secured by individual members by becoming members of co-operative societies. He added that Government had placed a sum of Rs. 10,000 under each of the above two heads at the disposal of the Department which would be made available to them through co-operative societies. He added that if it was given to individuals there was little chance of the money coming back.

No. 19—Waiting rooms in the Revenue Offices.

Messrs. M. C. Lingegowda, Mandya Taluk; B. Channappa, Yedatore Taluk; V. Bandiah, Nanjangud Taluk; K. V. Veeranna, Chamarajnagar Taluk; Junjappa *alias* Puttasamiah, Malavalli Taluk; Sanganbasappa, Chamarajnagar Municipality; T. S Allikhan, Minority Interest; H. C. Rayappa Minority Interest; Patel Lingegowda Krishnarajapet Taluk; Chiklingegowda *alias* Annegowda, Mandya Taluk; Sivananjegowda, Seringapatam Taluk; H. C. Dasappa, Special Interest; B. S. Puttasamiah, T.-Narsipur Taluk; D. Banumiah, Special Interest; N Siddalingadevaru, Seringapatam Taluk; Chikkegowda, Malavalli Taluk; Doddayajaman Puttanayaka, Minority Interest; Puttananjiah, Malavalli Municipality, S. Thimmegowda, Krishnarajapet Taluk; and S. C. Mallaiya, Mandya Taluk.

MR. S. C. MALLAIYA represented that there was no waiting accommodation for petitioners and others in the revenue offices and prayed that one of the rooms might be set apart for the purpose in each office or a separate room might be ordered to be constructed for the benefit of the public.

MR. E. KRISHNAPPA suggested that the rooms made

available as a result of the abolition of the Bench Courts might be utilised as waiting rooms wherever possible.

THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL replied that Government would consider what was possible.

No. 20.—Bus Allowance to Patels and Shanbhogs when they travel with remittances.

Mr. B. P. Basappa Setty, Chikmagalur Taluk.

MR. B. P. BASAPPA SETTY prayed that patels and shanbhogs might be allowed bus charges wherever there was bus service for journeys performed by them for remitting *kandayam* to the treasury and that if the remittance was not received by the treasury on the same day, they might also be paid a subsistence allowance in addition for the days of such halts.

MR. K. VENKATASAWMI GOWDA opposed the proposal on the ground that if effect was given to it, the village officers would be going to the treasury very frequently even for depositing small amounts.

THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL said that the matter would be considered.

At this stage, the Assembly rose for the day to meet again at 12 noon the next day.